

Fasting Blood Work

What is Fasting Blood Work?

Fasting blood work involves testing your blood after a period without food or drinks (other than water and black coffee) to get the most accurate readings of certain blood components. Common fasting blood tests include glucose levels, cholesterol, and triglycerides, which are important indicators of overall health.

Why is This Test Being Done?

When you eat, your body processes the nutrients, and this can temporarily change certain levels in your blood. Fasting before your blood test helps ensure that recent meals don't interfere with the results, giving your healthcare provider a clear picture of your natural blood levels. This is especially important for tests related to blood sugar (glucose) and cholesterol, as it allows for accurate diagnosis and health monitoring.

Preparing for Your Fasting Blood Test

- 1. Fasting Period:**
You'll need to avoid eating and drinking anything other than water or black coffee for **8 to 12 hours** before your test. Fasting typically starts the night before, so plan your test for the morning if possible.
- 2. Water is Okay:**
You can and should drink water during your fasting period. Staying hydrated makes it easier to draw blood and keeps you feeling better while fasting.

On the Day of Your Test

- 1. Arrive at the Lab:**
Go to the lab, where a healthcare professional will draw your blood. This process is quick and usually takes just a few minutes.
- 2. Post-Test Meal:**
Once your blood has been drawn, you're free to eat and drink normally. It's a good idea to bring a small snack to eat right after the test if you're feeling hungry.

People you know. Healthcare you trust.

Important Reminders

- **Plan Ahead:** Schedule your fasting period to begin the night before so that you don't have to skip meals during the day.
- **Only Water and Black Coffee:** Remember, no food, drinks, or other beverages (like tea) during the fasting period—water and black coffee only.

If you have questions or are unsure about the fasting requirements, reach out to your healthcare provider. Following these steps will help ensure your test results are accurate, giving your provider the best information to support your health.